

NOT RECOMMENDED FOR FULL-TEXT PUBLICATION

File Name: 16a0528n.06

CASE NO. 16-1579

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS  
FOR THE SIXTH CIRCUIT

UNITED STATES of AMERICA, )  
                                  )  
Plaintiff-Appellee,        )  
                                  )  
v.                             )  
                                  )  
KHALIL ABU RAYYAN,        )  
                                  )  
Defendant-Appellant.      )  
                                  )

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FILED  
Sep 12, 2016  
DEBORAH S. HUNT, Clerk

Before: MERRITT, BATCHELDER, and ROGERS, Circuit Judges.

**ALICE M. BATCHELDER, Circuit Judge.** Khalil Abu Rayyan was indicted on two felony offenses and is in federal custody, awaiting trial. The government moved for a competency evaluation, which the district court granted over Rayyan's objection. Rayyan moved the district court to reconsider, moved the district court to stay the order pending appeal, and moved this court to stay the order upon filing this appeal. All those motions were denied.

Rayyan brought this interlocutory appeal pursuant to the collateral-order doctrine to challenge his particular "loss of liberty" corresponding to the court-ordered and involuntary commitment for the psychiatric evaluation, citing *United States v. Davis*, 93 F.3d 1286, 1289 (6th Cir. 1996), among others. In the meantime, both the psychiatric evaluation and the associated involuntary commitment/detention were completed. Consequently, the government has moved to dismiss this interlocutory appeal as moot, because we can no longer grant relief that would satisfy Rayyan's motion or the collateral-order doctrine. See *Rosales-Garcia v. Holland*, 322 F.3d 386, 394 (6th Cir. 2003); *Murphy v. Hunt*, 455 U.S. 478, 481-82 (1982).

The government's motion is granted. This appeal is DISMISSED.